

Inflation, Rising Rates, Falling Stocks, and More, Oh My!: Investment and Economic Review June 2022

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Bull Markets Turn 40

- Stock, bond bull markets began in 1982
- 40 years of:
 - falling interest rates
 - declining inflation/disinflation
 - rising profit margins
 - rising stock valuations
 - stocks outperforming economy



The Investment Playbook

- Stocks, bonds not correlated
- Commodity prices generally decline
- Growth stocks are the investment to hold
- The U.S. is the place to invest
- King Dollar
- "The Fed Put": The Fed supports stocks
- Always buy the dips in stocks



That 70s Show Rebooted

- Inflation is back
- Fed can't support stock prices
- Growth is slowing in U.S. and globally
- Bubbles have deflated
- Stocks repriced for higher interest rates
- Will growth, profit margins, valuations fall?



Inflation is the Key

- Fed has to tighten until inflation broken
- Inflation: temporary or sticky?
- Investors say it's temporary
- Breakeven inflation rate is falling
- Long-term bonds rates declining
- Housing slowing
- Higher inflation reduces demand





The Case for Sticky Inflation

- Demand exceeds supply
- Higher wages support demand
- Takes years to increase supply
- Deglobalization hurts supply
- Covid shutdowns linger
- Problems in China
- Supply shock from Ukraine invasion



Stagflation?

- Demand easing a little
- Higher wages still support demand
- Wages increases less than inflation
- Consumers must make choices
- Supports overall inflation
- Higher nominal growth
- Lower real growth



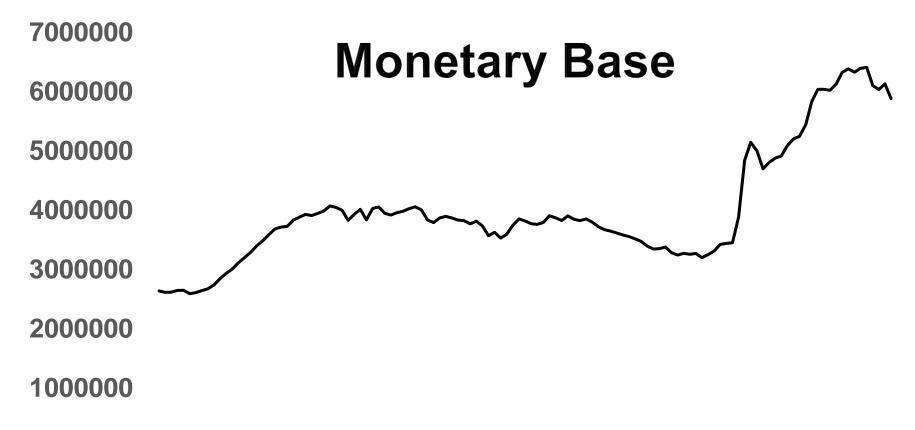
How Much Tightening?

- Question is sustainability of demand
- Less sensitive to tightening
- Businesses can raise prices
- Differs from previous 40 years
- Probably more tightening than usual
- What inflation goal will the Fed accept?

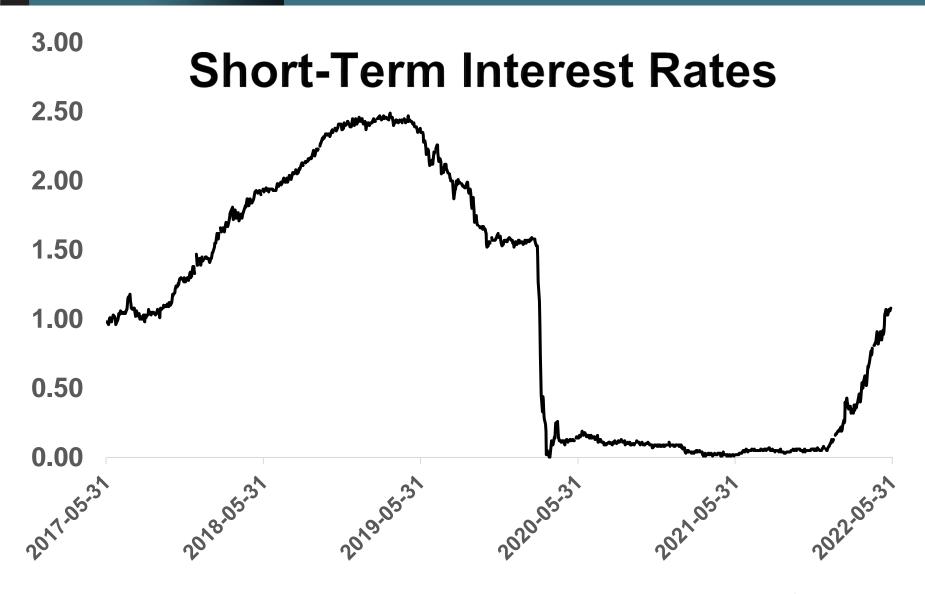


Likely Outlook

- Sticky inflation, Fed settles
- Lower real growth, decent nominal growth
- Gradual slowing into 2023, 2024
- Steady tightening into 2023, 2024
- Mild recession, or steep one?
- Fed less concerned about financial assets

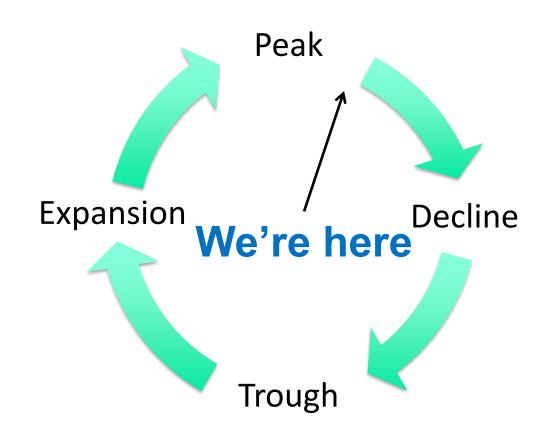


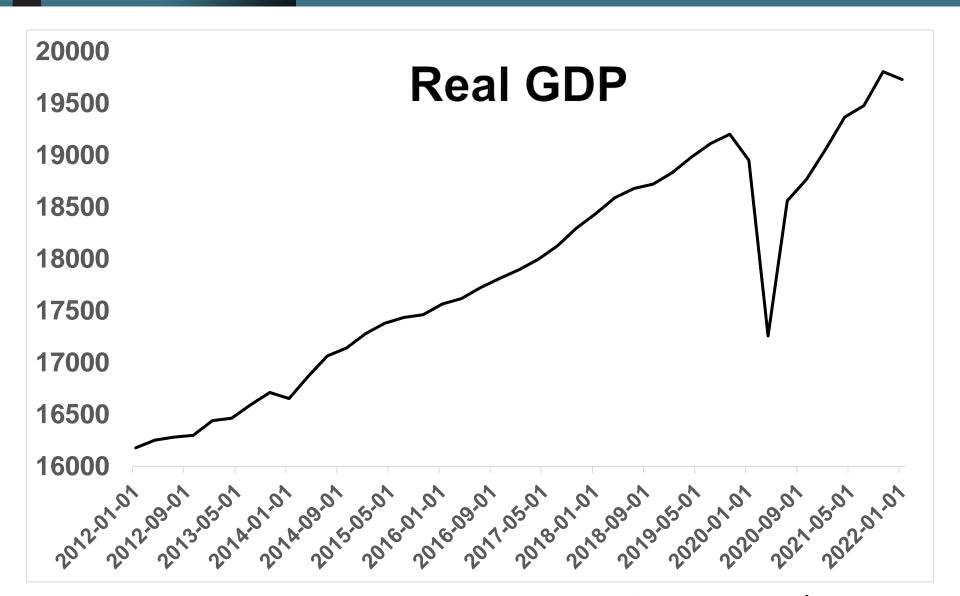
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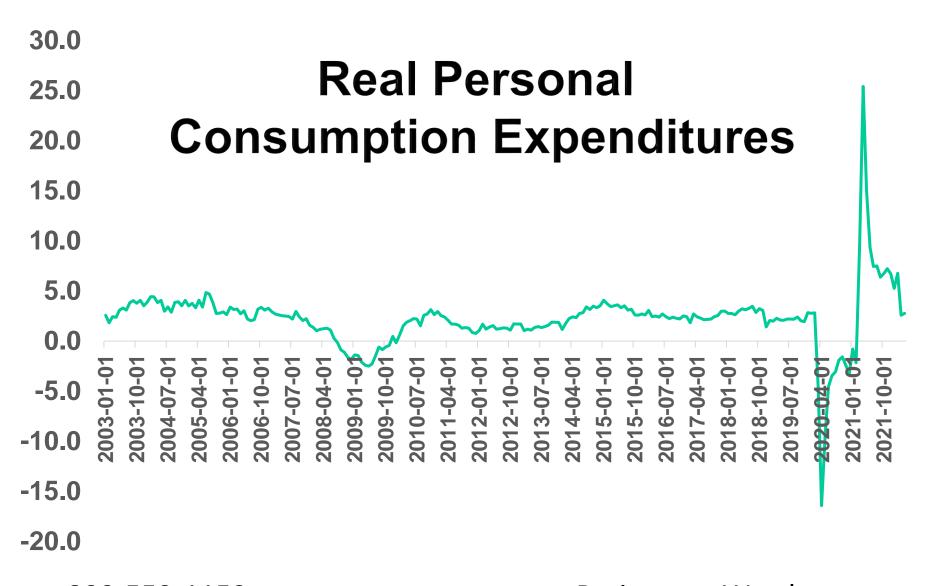


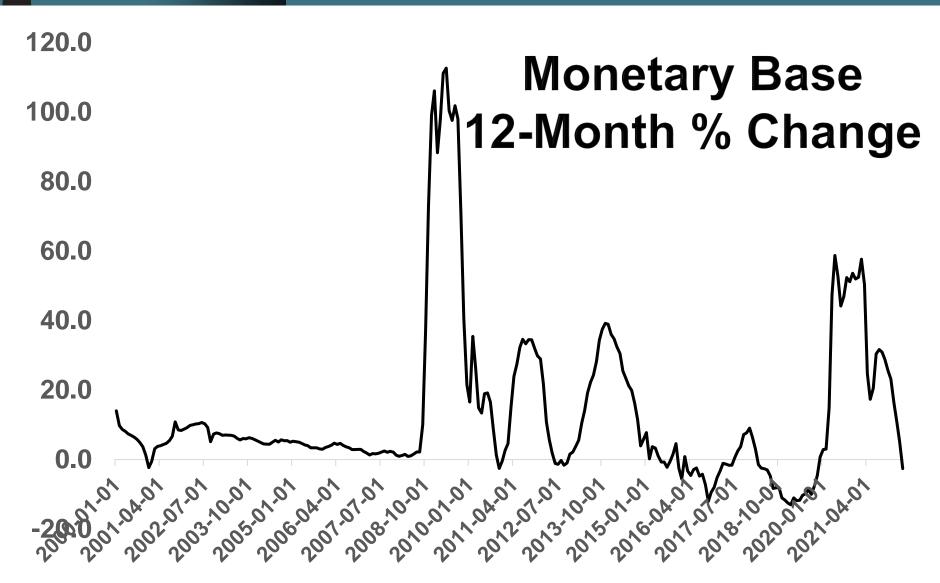


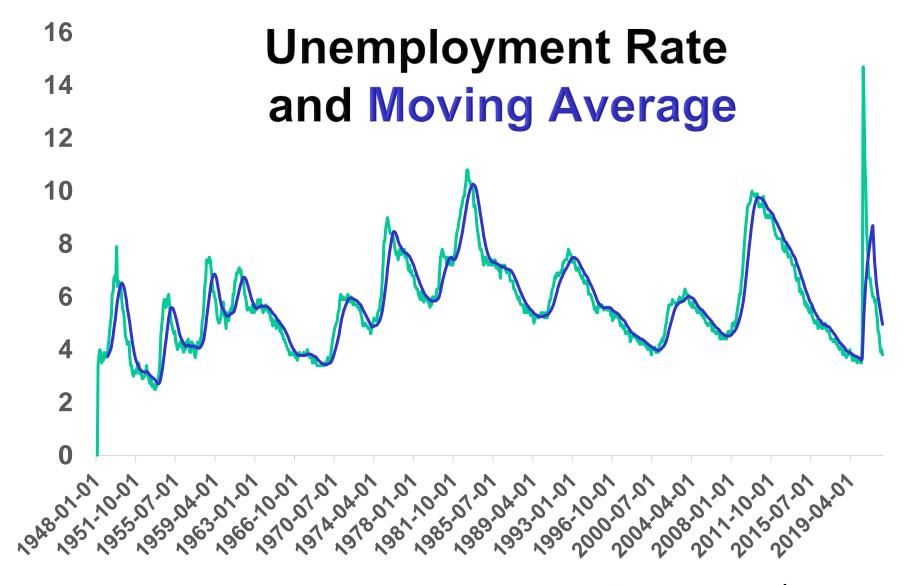
Market / Economic Cycle



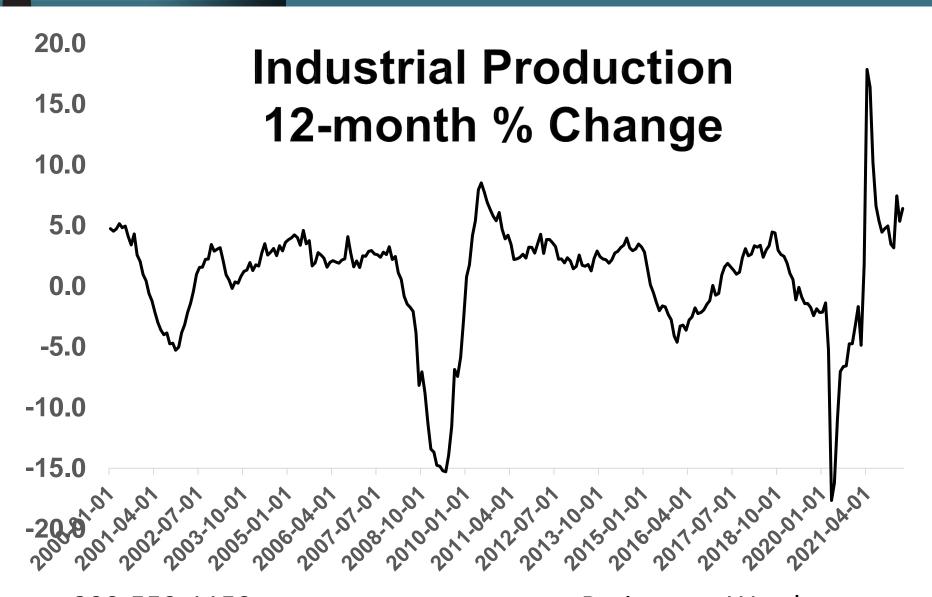


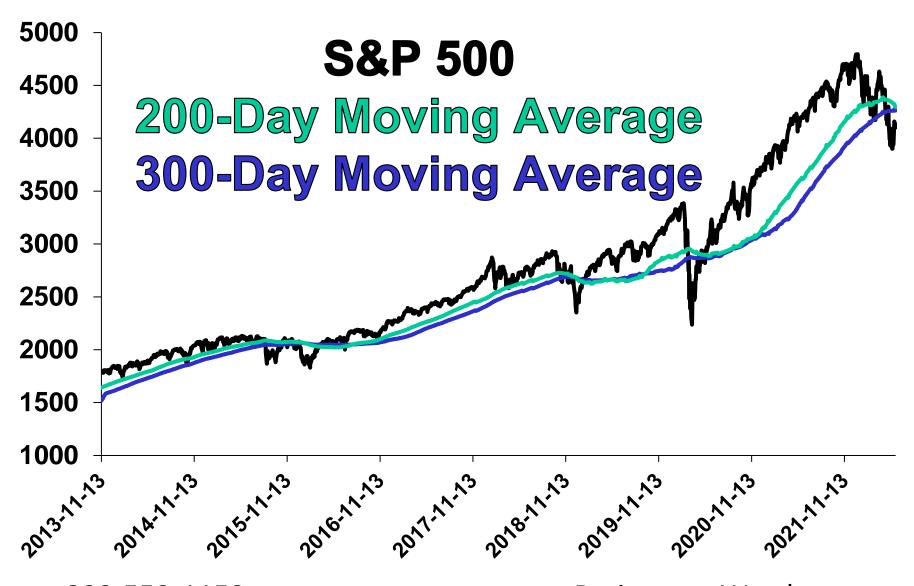






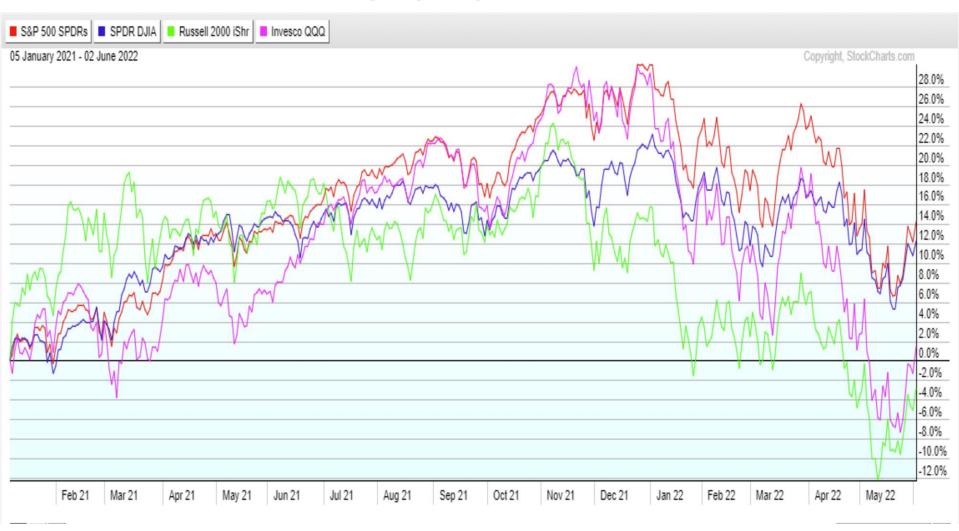








U.S. Stocks





Value vs. Growth



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Global Stock Indexes





Emerging Market Stocks





U.S. Bonds





Commodities





U.S. Dollar





What Does This Mean for Assets?

- Bad for financial assets
- Lower valuations
- Commodities should do well
- Invest in cash flow
- Diversification, flexibility should help
- Will there be a lost decade?



Long-Term Factors to Consider

- Enormous debt
- Internal conflicts
- Geopolitical conflicts, especially China
- Rise of nationalism
- Acts of nature/climate change
- Demographics
- Are we running out of commodities